

SART Protocols

SART Listserv April 2007

Issue: SART protocols

Background: A community is just starting a SART and would like copies of protocols in other jurisdictions.

Online Protocols

Alaska Statewide Protocol

www.dps.state.ak.us/ast/images/SARTProtocols.pdf

The purpose of the protocol is designed to provide standardized structure for the development, training, and implementation of sexual assault response teams throughout the state of Alaska.

Halton (Canada) Community Response Protocol - 2002

<http://www.ninasplace.ca/pdf/Protocol.pdf>

The Sexual and Wife Assault Project (SWAP), made up of community agencies, agreed that it was important for the community to develop a comprehensive response protocol so that all victims of sexual assault/domestic violence would receive a consistent, knowledgeable and compassionate response from any agency in Halton.

Kentucky: Developing a Sexual Assault Response Team.

<http://www.kasap.org/site/pdfs/SANE-COMMUNITYRESOURCE.pdf>

This resource guide is designed for rape crisis centers, health care providers, and other community agencies in Kentucky that are interested in starting SART programs but can easily be adapted to jurisdictions nationally.

Looking Back Moving Forward: A resource on The Kentucky Association of Sexual Assault Program's website - Designed to help interagency councils with organizing and carrying out the steps for developing and implementing a multidisciplinary, interagency, victim-centered protocol:

<http://www.kasap.org/site/pdfs/SANE-LOOKINGFORWARD.pdf>

Michigan: The Response to Sexual Assault: Removing Barriers to Services and Justice - 2001

<http://www.mcadsv.org/products/sa/TASKFORCE.pdf>

The Michigan Coalition Against Domestic and Sexual Violence, in partnership with the Michigan Crime Victim Services Commission and the Prosecuting Attorneys Association of Michigan, convened a Statewide Sexual Assault Systems Response Task Force to promote quality services to survivors of sexual assault and ensure their full access to safety and justice.

NJ Attorney General's Standards for Providing Services to Victims of Sexual Assault -2004

<http://www.state.nj.us/lps/dcj/agguide/standards/standardssartsane.pdf>

The Attorney General Standards for Providing Services to Victims of Sexual Assault was developed with the intention of implementing a systematic focus on the needs and concerns of sexual assault victims in an effort to ensure the compassionate and sensitive delivery of services in a non-judgmental manner.

North Dakota Sexual Assault Evidence Collection Protocol 2005

www.ndcaws.org/assault/2004%20CASAND%20Protocol%20-%20final.pdf

The North Dakota Sexual Assault Evidence Collection Protocol contains sections on the roles of community agencies, law enforcement, medical, overview of the forensic medical exam, information on sexual assault evidence kits, evidence collection from suspected perpetrators, and post-evidence collection procedures.

Oregon SART Handbook 2002

<http://www.oregonsatf.org/documents/PDFVersionofSARTHandbook.pdf>

The Sexual Assault Response Team (SART) Protocol Handbook has been developed by the Attorney General's Sexual Assault Task Force (Task Force) at the request of individuals and groups working across the state to improve their response to adult and adolescent sexual assault.

Oregon SART Handbook Version II – 2006

<http://www.oregonsatf.org/documents/ORSARTHandbookVersionII.pdf>

The Handbook provides recommended practices and resources for responders in Oregon.

Pennsylvania Coalition Against Rape: SART Guidelines- 2002

http://pcar.org/med_adv/guidelines_final.pdf

The SART guidelines were created to assist communities in developing multidisciplinary coordinated responses to sexual assault. Members of a team are defined, at a minimum, as a medical director, a sexual assault forensic examiner (SAFE), a sexual assault counselor/advocate, a law enforcement representative, and a state's attorney.

Penn State University, Protocol to assist victims of relationship, domestic and sexual violence, 2001.

<http://www.sa.psu.edu/uhs/protocol.pdf>

This document describes procedures and services for victims of domestic, relationship, and sexual violence.

San Diego SART Manual - 2001

<http://www.sandiego.gov/police/pdf/standards.pdf>

Standards of practice for members of the interdisciplinary SART team.

San Diego SART Systems Review Report 2003

<http://www.sandiego.gov/police/pdf/sartsystemreview03.pdf>

The report provides a summary of SART accomplishments and standardized procedures and an outline of future SART program goals.

Texas Model Protocol for Responding to Sexual Assault – 2003

<http://www.taasa.org/publications/pdfs/TAASAModelProtocol.pdf>

Victim –centered sexual assault response guidelines developed for Texas’ communities. A principle component of the guidelines is that communities should work together to create a better system of responding to sexual assault.

West Virginia Protocol for Responding to Victims of Sexual Assault

<http://www.fris.org/Sections/07-Publications/PDFs/Books/WVProtocol.pdf>

A multidisciplinary, victim-centered approach for advocates, law enforcement, hospitals, medical personnel, and prosecutors.

Winona County Protocol

<http://www.winonacountysaic.com/Protocol.htm>

Each agency lists their standard operating procedures to better understand why things occur and what the victim can expect.